

COVID-19: IOPS Members supervisory responses

Dariusz Stańko Head of IOPS Secretariat dariusz.stanko@oecd.org

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International Organisation of Pension Supervisors



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- 90 Members and observers in 89 jurisdictions;
- is a standard-setting body on pension supervisory matters and regulating issues related to pension supervision;
- promotes international co-operation on pension supervision and facilitating contact between pension supervisors and other relevant parties;
- provides a worldwide forum for policy dialogue and exchange of information on pension supervision;
- participates in the work of relevant international bodies in the area of pensions, including joint activities to improve statistical collection and analysis;
- promotes, conducts and facilitates the distribution and communication of research, and collecting information in co-operation with relevant international bodies.



Impact of COVID-19 on private pension systems

- decreased values of pension investments with increased liquidity and counterparty risks;
- worsened funding positions of DB pension schemes;
- decreased values of DC balances;
- worsened liquidity positions of pension schemes;
- risk of locking in investment losses by some members;
- reduced ability of some employers and employees to continue paying their pension contributions;
- operational disruptions as a result of working remotely;
- increased risk of pension scams, frauds and cyber-attacks for pension scheme members;
- shrinking members' trust and confidence in the system as a long-term retirement savings vehicle.



Supervisors

- re-defined their supervisory priorities and intensified supervisory monitoring in the key risk areas;
- coordinated efforts to provide assistance and response to the needs of trustees, employers, members/beneficiaries and service providers;
- adopted flexible, pragmatic, proportionate and risk-based supervisory approach;
- enhanced engagement, communication and monitoring;
- initialised collection of new data.



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Summary of countries responses and measures

Operation and Business Continuity

- Reducing some regulatory constraints and providing relief from certain requirements for employers and providers
- More flexible deadlines or postponement of submissions of certified financial and accounting statements, actuarial reports, annual statements, etc.
- Flexible approaches in respect of breaches of administrative and legal requirements by extending reporting deadlines, allowing more time to pay contributions.
- Applying leniency for temporary/unintended breaches of investment limits (e.g. due to changes in market valuation, DE, PL, RO) or deviation from strategic investment policy (IL, NL)
- Postponing or temporarily suspending some policy and supervisory measures



Consumer protection

- Encourage pension members to visit dedicated supervisory web-sites for guidance before making any decisions about their retirement savings
- Issuing warnings and educating pension members about fraud/Covid-19 related pension scams
- Facilitating for members and beneficiaries to access pension services, information and advice remotely/on-line
- Offering information on temporary relief measures available
- Some authorities advised savers not to make any rash decisions about their retirement savings in response to the Covid-19 crisis
- Recommend to supervised entities to monitor early withdrawals of retirement savings and explain to members potential effects of such withdrawals



Communication

- On the measures taken by supervisory authorities and supervisory expectations
- On pension issues arising from the Covid-19 crisis including decision options available to members:
 - delay/reduction/postponement of pension contributions
 - postponement of retirement
 - emergency access to retirement savings
 - eligible conditions, benefits and application procedures for those measures
 - potential consequences of such decisions



Requirement for supervised entities

- Continue to strictly comply with the regulations, beyond these temporary/exceptional measures
- Ensure their business continuity and provision of services through the use of electronic channels to avoid personal contacts
- Engage with relevant stakeholders on major issues, seek appropriate professional advice, be proactive and consumer focused
- Report to the supervisory authority on contingency plans and other measures taken to ensure business continuity, and proper functioning of IT systems



Requirement for supervised entities (cont.)

- Assess the impact on their operations due to the Covid-19 pandemic, and communicate in a timely manner with pension funds/schemes members
- Have in place proper mechanisms in response to extreme market situations and monitor their operations
- Disclose contingency plans online to inform members and beneficiaries of all the measures taken
- (employers) Have clear procedures for payment of members' contributions, remittance on individual accounts; transfer of funds in due time, payment of pension benefits



- Facilitate the implementation of policies aimed at combatting the crisis and monitor the market situation
- A number of jurisdictions allowed
- temporarily deferral (BE, FI, FR, DE, IL,NL, SK),
- reduction (CA, CO, FI, KE), or
- suspension of payment of pension contributions (LT, UK, ZW),
- early withdrawals from the pension schemes (AU, CL, PE, US)
- or taking loans from pension plans (IL, US).

IOPS Statement on Covid-19 supervisory measures



- In its statement of 26 May 2020 (<u>www.iopsweb.org</u>) IOPS
 - supports early and clear communication and guidance by supervisors and providers to respective stakeholders on major risks and changes arising from Covid-19;
 - acknowledges the relevance of regulatory flexibility (solvency, investments, reporting, operations, compliance, etc.) to maintain business continuity;
 - recognises in specific cases the need for measures that ease requirements for temporary access to pension accounts to address financial hardship;
 - emphasizes that such measures should be limited, temporary, proportional and withdrawn in considered manner;
 - notes the need to focus on long-term interests of pension members and beneficiaries and delivery of strong retirement outcomes.

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IOPS Statement on Covid-19 supervisory measures

- IOPS emphasises the importance of
 - requiring that supervised entities prudently address risks emerging from the COVID-19 crisis, including implementation of contingency plans, and taking steps to mitigate losses for beneficiaries;
 - preserving strong supervision and continuous close monitoring of actions undertaken by supervised entities;
 - considering countercyclical policies with the objective of contributing to the stabilisation and recovery of economies;
 - coordinating private and public pension policies;
 - putting in place appropriate protection mechanisms against financial consumer abuses and cyber risks and strengthening financial education amongst members and beneficiaries.

Conclusions



- Supervisors continue monitoring the situation and are ready to take further actions as required.
- Tensions between short-term and long-term measures. Conclusions for social policy and labour market (what role of supervisors?)
- Need to update Risk-Based-Supervision to the new reality (IOPS project)
- Increased reliance on digital technologies during the COVID outbreak (industry, members and supervisors); remote and online services need to be reinforced and maintained – cybersecurity (IOPS project)
- There should be some reflection on exit strategies
 - from supervisory actions (e.g. leniency on funding positions or investment policies);
 - from policy actions (e.g. pension contributions holidays, early access to pension savings).
- Importance of close co-operation between regulators, supervisors and different stakeholders at national and international level to share the experiences, better understand and respond to the current challenges